

KU DAT (KU Delirium Assessment Tool)

STEP 1: If patient is unresponsive without sedation, STOP. The patient is unable to be assessed for delirium.

STEP 2: Titrate sedation to a MAAS level of 2 or 3 (responsive to touch or name; calm and cooperative)

STEP 3: Ensure proper pain control

STEP 4: Assess for delirium

| I | ALTERED LEVEL OF CONSCIOUSNESS | YES | NO |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Score "No" if patient: | | | |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Is unresponsive ▪ Responds to intense and repeated stimulation (loud voice and pain) ▪ Exhibits normal wakefulness or sleeping state that could easily be aroused | | | |
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Has acute changes or fluctuations in LOC ▪ Has exaggerated response to normal stimulation; hypervigilant (hyperalert) | |
| II | INATTENTION | YES | NO |
| Does the patient have difficulty focusing attention that is acute in onset or fluctuating (responds to <u>any</u> sound, movement, or event)? If so, score "Yes". | | | |
| | | | |
| III | PSYCHOMOTOR AGITATION | YES | NO |
| Is the patient's agitation or hyperactivity refractory to a reasonable amount of sedatives, and requires the use of additional sedative drugs or restraints in order to control potential danger to oneself or others? If so, score "Yes." | | | |
| | | | |
| IV | PSYCHOSIS (Hallucinations, Delusions) | YES | NO |
| Does the patient exhibit acute or fluctuating psychotic behavior such as hallucinations (perception of something real that is not) or delusions (false beliefs), or | | | |
| Does the patient have prior psychiatric history requiring medication or history of ETOH abuse with possible DT? | | | |
| If so, score "Yes". | | <p>EXAMPLES:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Example of hallucinatory behavior is trying to catch a non-existent object; pointing to a non-existent object, etc. ▪ Inappropriate, disorganized, or incoherent speech or thought process, such as unclear or illogical flow of ideas, or flight of ideas. ▪ Secondary psychosis from sleep deprivation or erratic sleep/wake cycle, or from medications (e.g. Reglan) | |
| OVERALL KU DAT Score. 2 or more (out of 4) "Yes" = POSITIVE Potential for delirium. Notify physician for further assessment and consider Delirium Protocol. | | POSITIVE (+) | NEGATIVE (--) |

Adapted from: Bergeron, N. et al. (2001). Intensive care delirium screening checklist: evaluation of a new screening tool. *Intensive Care Medicine*, 27: 859-864.